

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge Ordinary Level

PHYSICS

5054/22 October/November 2016

Paper 2 Theory MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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Page 2		2	Mark Scheme Syllabu	s Pap 22		
			Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016 5054			
			Section A			
1	(a)		= <i>u</i> +) <i>at</i> or 3.4 × 5.0 m/s	C1 A1		
	(b)	(i)	0 or zero or no resultant force	B1		
		(ii)	 straight line of positive gradient from (0, 0) horizontal line at v > 0 and after initial acceleration straight line from (0, 0) to (5.0, 17) and straight line from (5.0, 17) to at least (15.0, 17) 			
		(iii)	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
2	(a)	a) (i) (GPE =) <i>mgh</i> or 45 × 10 × 1.8 810 J				
		(ii)	kinetic either order thermal/internal/heat/sound } either order	B1 B1		
	(b)	(i)	upwards/centripetal/towards centre (of circle)	B1		
		(ii)	it/weight less (than normal contact force) or upward force greater	B1	[6]	
3	(a)	(i)	20 N	B1		
		(ii)	1. (Γ =) <i>Fd</i> or 20 × 0.35 or 20 × 0.70 or 14 7.0 N m	C1 A1		
			2. friction (at hinge/seal) or air resistance or to cause an initial acceleration	on B1		
	(b)	(for	other directions) perpendicular distance is less	B1	[5]	
4	(a)	ten	nperature at which liquid/water turns to gas/vapour/steam	B1		
	(b)	(i)	(T =)24 (°C) or 100 – 24 or 76 ($\Delta Q =)mc\Delta T$ or 1.5 × 4200 × 76 4.8 × 10 ⁵ J	C1 C1 A1		
		(ii)	heat is lost (to the surroundings) or evaporation at higher temperatures heat is lost at greater rate	B1 B1		
	(c)	(i)	stays at 100 °C/constant	B1		
		(ii)	molecules separate/are pulled apart/are far apart/break bonds/ overcome forces of attraction work done separating the molecules or molecules gain PE	B1 B1	[9]	

Page 3		Mark Scheme			Paper	
		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5054	22	2	
5	(a)	atoms/molecules/particles move/collide atoms/molecules/particles collide with walls/piston collisions cause forces		B1 B1 B1		
	(b)	$(p_2 =)p_1V_1 / V_2$ or $1.1 \times 10^5 \times 40 / 110$ 4.0×10^4 Pa		C1 A1	[5]	
6	(a)	any three of: filament is heated/hot or thermionic (emission) mentioned <u>electrons</u> negative or <u>electrons</u> escape/are emitted electrons attracted/accelerated by a <u>positive charge/high po</u>		5.0		
	(b)	opposite charges <u>attract</u> or positive (anode) <u>attracts negative</u> no collisions with air/particles or allows electrons to reach th		B3 B1		
	(c)	electron beam is a current or moving charges deflected by a magnetic <u>field</u> or experience force in magnetic	c <u>field</u>	M1 A1	[6]	
7	(a)	94 electrons and 94 protons 144 neutrons (only) electrons in orbit/surrounding nucleus or (only) protor and neutrons in nucleus	าร	B1 B1 B1		
	(b)	(i) (beta-particles) weak(er) (beta-particles) strong(er)		B1 B1		
		 (ii) any two lines from glasses/goggles or lead container/shield/clothing/glov tweezers/manipulator/carry in large cardboard box minimise time of exposure/<u>film</u> badge 	/es	B2	[7]	
					[45]	

Page 4		4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus 5054	Paper 22	
			Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016 Section B	5054		<u> </u>
8	(a)	(i)	0.83 – 0.86 N		B1	
		(ii)	line curved line (curved) upwards		B1 B1	[3]
	(b)	(i)	(<i>P</i> =) <i>hpg</i> 0.035 × 1000 × 10 or 3.5 × 1000 × 10 or 35 × 1000 ×10 350 Pa		C1 C1 A1	
			(<i>F</i> =) <i>PA</i> or 350 × 0.0016 or 350 × 16 or 5600 0.56 N		C1 A1	
	(iii)		1.4 N or (a)(i) + (b)(ii) calculated		B1	[6]
	(c)	(i)	(atmospheric pressure) exerts a downward force/pressure (on top of the block)		B1	
			(cancels out the) extra upward force/pressure		B1	
		(ii)	(vector) has direction (in addition to magnitude)		B1	[3]
	(d)	 (d) any three lines from force due to water increases force due to spring decreases increased pressure (at base) they add to give a constant value/weight of block or total force constant 				
						[15]
9	(a)	rate	e of flow of charge or charge flowing per unit time		B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	7.5 V		B1	
		(ii)	(<i>R</i> =) <i>V</i> / <i>I</i> or 7.5/4.0 1.9 Ω		C1 A1	
		(iii)	(<i>P</i> =) <i>VI</i> or 6.5 × 4.0 26 W		C1 A1	
		(iv)	resistance increases (reading of ammeter) decreases		M1 A1	[7]
	(c)	(i)	at least two lines on left and two lines on right of core and correct shape (by eye)		B1	
			good shape (by eye) and into poles and no straight sections and at least one line on each side at least one arrow N to S (primarily upwards) and none wrong		B1 B1	[3]

Page 5				Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Рар	er
		Cambri		vel – October/No	ovember 2016	5054	22	
	(ii)	top (of cyli	nder) is ar	ed (by induction) n S-pole or S-pole attracts	N-pole		B1 B1 B1	
			·	n contact) and iro ind cylinder) lose	n is temporary/soft mag magnetisation	netic	B1	[4]
								[15]
10 (a)	(i)	$3.0 imes 10^8 m/s$					B1	
	(ii)	$(\lambda =)c / f$ or 3.0 7.0 × 10 ⁻⁷ m	× 10 ⁸ /4.3	$B \times 10^{14}$			C1 A1	[3]
(b)	(i)	decreases					B1	
	(ii)	sin(i) = n × sin(49°	r) or 1.5 ×	sin(30°) or 0.75			C1 A1	
	(iii)	41°					B1	[4]
(c)	(i)	 dispersion at both surfaces and refractions in correct direction violet/blue light below the red light shown 					B1 B1	
	 (ii) spectrum or band of (continuous) colours or colours of rainbow red, orange, yellow, green, blue, (indigo, violet) 						B1 B1	
	(iii)	1 X marked 2 it is/black			rs (of IR radiation)		B1 B1	[6]
(d)	 intruder/human being emits IR 			R beam broken	IR reflected		B1	
		uder warm or detected		loes not reach letector	or change detect	ed	B1	[2]
								[15]